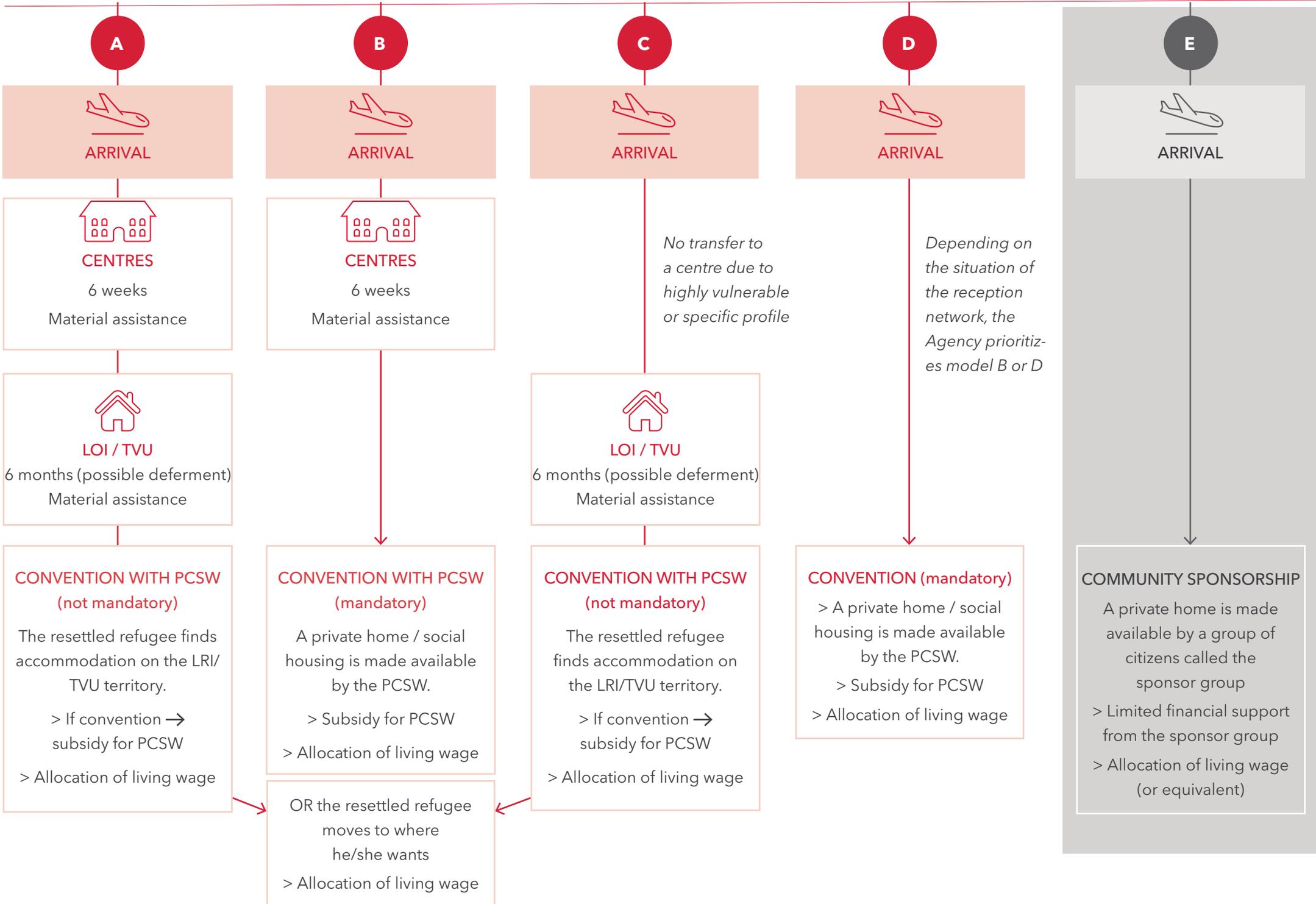


DIAGRAM: RECEPTION MODELS



MODEL A

PHASE 1

-  Upon arrival in Belgium, the resettled person is referred to **one of the 5 collective centres** specialised in accompanying this target group for a period of 6 weeks.
-  Code 207/ mandatory place of registration: reception centre.
-  Medical assistance: reception centre.
-  The person receives material assistance¹.
-  Reception programme (BELCO+²) and social support in centre.

PHASE 2

-  The person is assigned to an **individual reception structure** managed by a PCSW (**LRI**) or by Caritas International (**TVU**) for a period of 6 months (extension possible).
-  Code 207/ mandatory place of registration: LRI/TVU.
-  Cover of medical expenses by mutual insurance company (higher intervention in medical costs possible by PCSW).
-  The person receives material assistance¹.
-  Social support by LRI.

PHASE 3

-  The person finds (with or without the help of the PCSW) accommodation in the commune of the LRI or TVU place.
-  Suppression of Code 207.
-  Cover of medical expenses by mutual insurance company (higher intervention in medical costs possible by PCSW).
-  The resettled person receives a living wage³ and is able to pay the rent on the accommodation.
-  The PCSW can enter into a convention with Fedasil and receive a bonus of €2,500 p.p. for the first year and €500 if there is local anchoring thereafter.
-  Intensive social support from PCSW.

¹ See "Circular addressed to LRIs regarding financial intervention."

² The BELCO+ training is provided by Fedasil upon arrival in Belgium. This training builds on the Belgian Cultural Orientation (BELCO) which is provided before the transfer to Belgium. The aim is to ensure continuity in terms of content, methodology, etc. to provide individuals with knowledge, skills and a mentality that are useful in their process towards independence and integration.

³ The living wage is only received from the time the resettled person is outside the network (centre or LRI).

MODEL B

PHASE 1

-  Upon arrival in Belgium, the resettled person is referred to **one of the 5 collective centres** specialised in accompanying this target group for a period of 6 weeks.
-  Code 207/ mandatory place of registration: reception centre.
-  Medical assistance: reception centre.
-  The person receives material assistance¹.
-  Reception programme (BELCO+²) and social support in centre.

PHASE 2

-  The person is referred to a **private home or social housing** (outside the LRI). This housing is offered voluntarily by a PCSW for a minimum period of 12 months.
-  Suppression of Code 207.
-  Cover of medical expenses by mutual insurance company (higher intervention in medical costs possible by PCSW).
-  The person receives a living wage³ and is able to pay the rent on the house.
-  The PCSW can enter into a convention with Fedasil and receive a bonus of €2,500 p.p. for the first year and €500 p.p. if there is local anchoring thereafter.
-  Intensive social support from PCSW.

¹ See "Circular addressed to LRIs regarding financial intervention."

² The BELCO+ training is provided by Fedasil upon arrival in Belgium. This training builds on the Belgian Cultural Orientation (BELCO) which is provided before the transfer to Belgium. The aim is to ensure continuity in terms of content, methodology, etc. to provide individuals with knowledge, skills and a mentality that are useful in their process towards independence and integration.

³ The living wage is only received from the time the resettled person is outside the network (centre or LRI).

MODEL C

PHASE 1

-  The resettled person is directly assigned to an **individual reception structure** managed by a PCSW (LRI) or by Caritas International (TVU) for a period of 6 months (extension possible).
-  Upon arrival in Belgium, a code 207/mandatory place of registration: "no show" will be given. As soon as the application for international protection is registered with the Immigration Office, the code 207 becomes LRI or TVU.
-  As long as the code 207 is a "no show», medical costs are covered by Fedasil, as soon as the code 207 becomes LRI or TVU, medical costs are covered by the mutual insurance (higher intervention in medical costs possible by PCSW).
-  The person receives material assistance¹ during the asylum procedure. As soon as the person is registered in the Register of Foreign Nationals, the costs of the house and basic needs continue to be covered and the person is given pocket money.
-  BELCO+² training by "flying coaches" from Fedasil and social support by LRI.

PHASE 2

-  The person finds (with or without the help of the PCSW) a home in the commune of the LRI or TVU place.
-  Suppression of Code 207.
-  Cover of medical expenses by mutual insurance company (higher intervention in medical costs possible by PCSW).
-  The resettled person receives a living wage³ and is able to pay the rent on the house.
-  The PCSW can enter into a convention with Fedasil and receive a bonus of €2,500 p.p. for the first year and €500 if there is local anchoring thereafter.
-  Intensive social support from PCSW.

¹ See "Circular addressed to LRIs regarding financial intervention."

² The BELCO+ training is provided by Fedasil upon arrival in Belgium. This training builds on the Belgian Cultural Orientation (BELCO) which is provided before the transfer to Belgium. The aim is to ensure continuity in terms of content, methodology, etc. to provide individuals with knowledge, skills and a mentality that are useful in their process towards independence and integration.

³ The living wage is only received from the time the resettled person is outside the network (centre or LRI).

MODEL D

-  The resettled person is accommodated in a **private home or social housing** (outside the LRI). This home is offered voluntarily by a PCSW for a minimum period of 12 months.
-  Upon arrival in Belgium, a code 207/mandatory place of registration: "no show" will be given. As soon as the application for international protection is registered with the Immigration Office, the code 207 changes to "not allocated".
-  As long as the code 207 is a "no show," medical costs are covered by Fedasil. As soon as the code 207 changes to "not allocated", medical costs are covered by the mutual insurance company (higher intervention in medical costs possible by PCSW).
-  As soon as the code 207 "not allocated" is assigned to the applicant for international protection, the person can apply for an equivalent living wage. As soon as the individual is registered in the Register of Foreign Nationals and the code 207 is suppressed, they are entitled to a living wage.
-  The PCSW enters into a convention with Fedasil and receives a bonus of €2,500 p.p. for the first year and €500 if there is local anchoring thereafter. Fedasil provides an additional transition bonus of €776/adult and €427/child to cover the period for the administrative processing of the application for international protection.
-  BELCO+² training by "flying coaches" from Fedasil and intensive social support by PCSW.

MODEL E

-  The resettled person is accommodated in a **private home** voluntarily offered by a **sponsor group** for a minimum period of 12 months.
-  Upon arrival in Belgium, a code 207/mandatory place of registration: "no show" will be given. As soon as the application for international protection is registered with the Immigration Office, the code 207 changes to "not allocated".
-  As long as the code 207 is a "no show," medical costs are covered by Fedasil. As soon as the code 207 changes to "not allocated", medical costs are covered by the mutual insurance company (higher intervention in medical costs possible by PCSW).
-  As soon as the code 207 "not allocated" is assigned to the applicant for international protection, the person can apply for an equivalent living wage. As soon as the individual is registered in the Register of Foreign Nationals and the code 207 is suppressed, they are entitled to a living wage.
-  All costs related to housing (rent, deposit, electricity, water, gas, internet, etc.) incurred before the arrival of the sponsored persons and before the granting of an (equivalent) living wage must be paid by the sponsor group.
-  BELCO+² training by "flying coaches" from Fedasil, social support from PCSW and everyday support by the sponsor group.

² The BELCO+ training is provided by Fedasil upon arrival in Belgium. This training builds on the Belgian Cultural Orientation (BELCO) which is provided before the transfer to Belgium. The aim is to ensure continuity in terms of content, methodology, etc. to provide individuals with knowledge, skills and a mentality that are useful in their process towards independence and integration.